

WO-352
Dr. Nock's Office
Pocomoke City
Private

c. 1900

Dr. Nock's office is a significant survival in Pocomoke City as a rare, well-preserved turn of the century office building erected on private property for a professional medical practice in dentistry. The free-standing nature of the office and its siting on a corner of the same property on which Dr. Nock's house is also located reflects a relationship between domestic and professional work spaces not uncommon during the nineteenth century but rare to survive into the late twentieth century. The exterior remains largely undisturbed with an original entrance and adjacent pair of single-pane sash windows. Trimming the parapet wall that disguises the flat roof is a heavy modillion block cornice. The interior is significant as well with pressed metal ceilings and tiled walls.

Although a firm date of construction has not surfaced for this office building, construction features and architectural details place it in the period surrounding the turn of the twentieth century. Single-pane sash windows, tiled walls, and a Colonial Revival columned mantel with a beveled glass overmantel are common features for late nineteenth or early twentieth century buildings. James T. Nock purchased this Second Street property in 1913 for \$3000; suggesting the lot was improved by substantial buildings. The office along with the house remained in Nock family hands until the early 1980s.

HISTORIC CONTEXT INFORMATION

Resource Name: DR. Nock's office

MHT Inventory Number: WU-352

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA:

1) Historic Period Theme(s):

Architecture
Commerce

2) Geographic Orientation:

Eastern Shore

3) Chronological/Developmental Period(s):

Industrial/Urban Dominance

4) Resource Type(s):

(1870-1930)

Standing structure
1. office

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No. WO-352

Magi No.

DOE ___yes ___no

1. Name (indicate preferred name)

historic DR. NOCK'S OFFICE

and/or common

2. Location

street & number 203 Second Street ___ not for publication

city, town Pocomoke City ___ vicinity of congressional district First

state Maryland county Worcester

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use
___ district	___ public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> occupied	___ agriculture ___ museum
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	___ unoccupied	___ commercial ___ park
___ structure	___ both	___ work in progress	___ educational <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private residence
___ site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	___ entertainment ___ religious
___ object	___ in process	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted	___ government ___ scientific
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> being considered	___ yes: unrestricted	___ industrial ___ transportation
	___ not applicable	___ no	___ military ___ other:

4. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Glen and Teresa Hammerbacher

street & number 205 Second Street telephone no.:

city, town Pocomoke City state and zip code MD 21851

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Worcester County Clerk of Court liber WCL 850

street & number Worcester County Courthouse folio 355

city, town Snow Hill state MD 21863

6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title

date ___ federal ___ state ___ county ___ local

pository for survey records

city, town state

7. Description

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Condition

☐ excellent
☒ good
☐ fair

☐ deteriorated
☐ ruins
☐ unexposed

Check one

☐ unaltered
☒ altered

Check one

☒ original site
☐ moved date of move _____

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Dr. Nock's office stands at 203 Second Street in the center of Pocomoke City, Worcester County, Maryland. The single story flat-roofed office faces north.

Built around 1900, the single-story, four-room office is supported on a low brick pier foundation, and the exterior is clad with a uniform layer of weatherboard siding. The flat roof is disguised by a parapet wall decorated with rows of modillion and dentil blocks. Rising through the center of the building is a narrow brick stove stack.

The north (main) facade is a two-bay elevation with a side entrance and adjacent paired single-pane sash windows. The door is partially glazed, and it is topped by a large single-pane transom. The modillion block cornice is also trimmed with a small row of dentils under the fascia board.

Piercing the west side are two large-size single pane sash windows, while a smaller modern window has been introduced into the east wall next to the original large size single-pane sash. A door in the back wall has been blocked over, however a large single-pane sash window pierces the south wall as well.

The office is divided into four rooms with a small tiled vestibule opening into three rooms surviving with pressed metal ceilings. The most elaborately finished space is the front room with a columned mantel and beveled glass overmantel. ♣

8. Significance

Survey No. W0-352

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> social/
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> humanitarian
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)

Specific dates

Builder/Architect

check: Applicable Criteria: ☐ A ☐ B ☒ C ☐ D
and/or

Applicable Exception: ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D ☐ E ☐ F ☐ G

Level of Significance: ☐ national ☐ state ☒ local

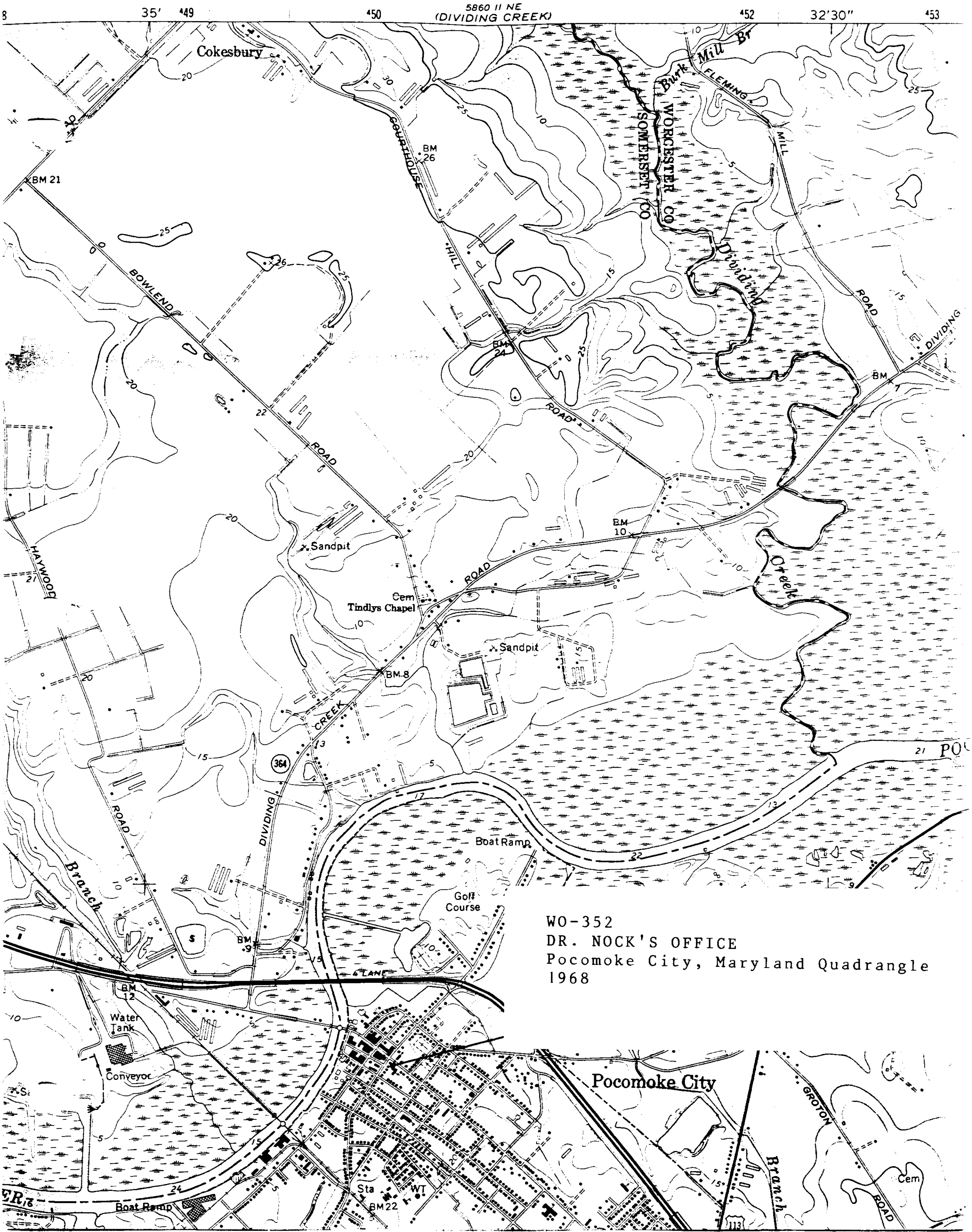
Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

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HISTORY AND SUPPORT

Although a firm date of construction has not surfaced for this office building, construction features and architectural details place it in the period surrounding the turn of the twentieth century. Single-pane sash windows, tiled walls, and a Colonial Revival columned mantel with a beveled glass overmantel are common features for late nineteenth or early twentieth century buildings. James T. Nock purchased this Second Street property in 1913 for \$3000 which suggests the lot was improved with substantial buildings.(ODC 14/430) The office along with the house remained in Nock family hands until the early 1980s.

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WO-352
DR. NOCK'S OFFICE
Pocomoke City, Maryland Quadrangle
1968